



September 2024

FTC Solar Overview





Forward-Looking Statements and Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. All statements, other than statements of historical facts, contained in this presentation, including statements regarding the Company's strategy, future operations, future financial position, future revenues, projected costs, prospects, plans and objectives of management, are forward-looking statements. The words "anticipate," "believe," "continue," "could," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "may," "might," "plan," "potential," "predict," "project," "should," or "would," or the negative of these terms, or other comparable terminology are intended to identify forward looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words. The Company may not actually achieve the plans, intentions or expectations disclosed in these forward-looking statements, and you should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Actual results or events could differ materially from the plans, intentions and expectations disclosed in these forward-looking statements. In addition, the forward-looking statements included in this presentation represent the Company's views as of the date of this presentation. The Company anticipates that subsequent events and developments will cause its views to change. However, while the Company may elect to update these forward-looking statements at some point in the future, it specifically disclaims any obligation to do so. These forward-looking statements should not be relied upon as representing the Company's views as of any date subsequent to the date of this presentation.

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This presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures relating to our performance. You can find the reconciliation of these measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure in the Appendix at the end of this presentation. The non-GAAP financial measures disclosed by the Company should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, the financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP. Please refer to the notes to reconciliation of non-GAAP financial measures in FTC Solar's quarterly earnings release for a detailed explanation of the adjustments made to the comparable GAAP measures, the ways management uses the non-GAAP measures, and the reasons why management believes the non-GAAP measures provide investors with useful supplemental information.



**Yann
Brandt**

President & Chief Executive Officer

- Appointed CEO August 2024
- 18+ years of experience in solar manufacturing, project development, finance, energy storage
- Former CCO and CFO of FlexGen - battery energy storage and services co.
- CEO of Quick Mount PV - solar racking
- President of Americas for Conergy
- Current member of Board of Directors for SEIA
- BS in Mechanical Engineering, Johns Hopkins



**Cathy
Behnen**

Chief Financial Officer

- Appointed CFO February 2024
- Previously FTC Solar's Chief Accounting Officer since 2020
- Former CFO and VP of Finance at Penn National Gaming Hollywood Casino Jamul – San Diego
- Partner at Accounting firm RubinBrown
- Certified Public Accountant
- MBA St. Louis University



**Patrick
Cook**

SVP, Capital Markets and Business Development

- FTC Solar CFO 2019-2022, CCO 2022-2024
- 15+ years of experience in the renewable energy industry
- Former VP, Capital Markets and Corporate Finance for SunEdison along with multiple other leadership positions
- VP, Structured Finance, Bank of America
- BS degree in Finance and Quantitative Methods from Bradley University



Global provider of high-quality, mission critical solar trackers, software and engineering solutions for large, blue-chip EPC contractors and developers








Uniquely positioned with comprehensive portfolio of differentiated and patented 1P and 2P tracker solutions



Robust IP portfolio with strong patent coverage for technology focused on reduced cost designs and increased energy output



Established global supply chain enhances resilience and reduces cost structure to increase gross margin profile and profitability

2P Solution <i>(High margin niche)</i>	
1P Solution <i>(Majority of market)</i>	
FSLR Solution	
Direct Margin >20%	
Revenue Breakeven ⁽¹⁾ : ■ Below \$60m	

Leveraging large backlog including \$505 million in executed contracts, FTC is poised for strong growth, margin improvement and profitability

1) Quarterly revenue run-rate to achieve breakeven on Adjusted EBITDA basis

- Recent Updates / Key Takeaways
- Company Overview
- Market Overview
- Technology & Positioning
- Growth Drivers
- Q&A

Appendix



Company Overview



Leading Provider of Proprietary Solar Tracking Technology

About Us

FTC Solar is a leading provider of patented 1P and 2P tracker systems, software and engineering services to the solar energy industry

Tracker Systems

- Patented and custom designed, next-generation 1P and 2P (one- and two-panel in-portrait orientation, respectively) tracker systems
- Industry-leading install speeds

Software

- Proprietary solutions to boost energy production, design projects and manage project portfolios
- Up to 6% project energy gain¹



Engineering Services

- Includes site analysis, array design services, foundation development and other value-added capabilities
- Expert assistance, value-added services

Key Metrics

Installed Base ² :	>5.5GW	
Customers ² :	140+	
Employees:	200+	
Patents (Granted or Pending)	58	
Manufacturing	Partners	33
	Countries	9
'22 Revenue:	\$123m	
'23 Revenue:	\$127m	



1. As compared to Voyager systems without SunPath enhancement software
 2. Cumulative since inception.



Solar Trackers Are Critical to Utility-Scale PV Projects

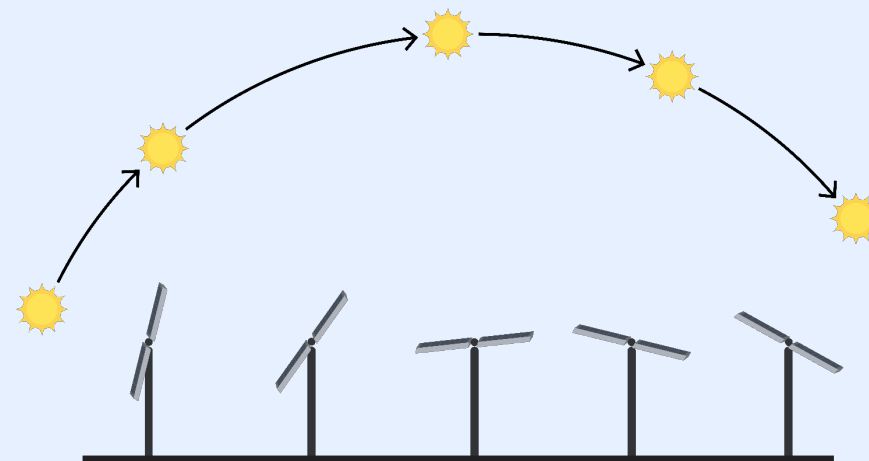
Trackers significantly increase energy production by dynamically optimizing solar panel orientation to the sun throughout the day

Traditional Fixed-Tilt



✗ Fixed angle; sub-optimal exposure

FTC Solar Tracker



✓ Variable angle; optimal exposure throughout the day

Tracker systems and advanced software yield, on average¹:

- ✓ 25% more energy
- ✓ 17% lower levelized cost of energy (“LCOE”) compared to fixed-tilt mounting systems

1. 2020 Bloomberg New Energy Finance (“BNEF”) reports.



Our Competitive Differentiation

Easier Installation

Provides lowest installed cost / Enables faster installation times



Install Time

~40%

Faster installation compared to competing solutions (hours/MW)



DC BOS Costs

25%

Less wiring (potential)



Posts/ Piles

56%

Fewer posts / MW (potential)



Connect Points

45%

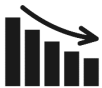
Fewer connection point (potential)



Labor/ Tools



Does not require specialized tools for installation



Efficiency

32%

Reduction in average install time in 2020 with further reductions planned

Better Performance

Provides higher yields / Maximizes land use / Delivers more power



Proprietary Software

6%

Additional potential energy yield from optimized tracking



Bifacial Gain

~2%

Potential gain in 2P energy production compared to 1P trackers



Design Flexibility



Independent row design allows for site flexibility



Site Accessibility

2X

Greater site accessibility at same ground coverage ratio ("GCR") for 2P trackers



Strings

4

Unique four-string architecture leads to higher bifacial energy capture



Slope Tolerance

17.5%

Highest in market¹, avoids land grading costs

1. Based on standard configuration of Voyager 2P trackers.



Demonstrated Track Record With Blue-Chip Customer Base

- FTC supports global distributed generation and utility-scale projects, successfully delivering 5 GW+ of trackers to customers across several continents
- The Company has substantial expertise in executing large-scale utility solar developments, including single projects of up to 1 GW of capacity



EPC Contractor
Colorado – 29 MW



Developer
Nevada – 100 MW



EPC Contractor
North Carolina – 112 MW



Developer
Oregon – 30 MW



Developer
South Carolina – 97 MW



EPC Contractor
Virginia – 17 MW



Global Supply Chain

U.S.A.
 Posts
 Wire Clamps
 Sensors
 Hardware
 Steel structures*
 Beams*

U.S. "Alpha Steel" JV

- Support customers with domestic content
- Maximize benefit of Inflation Reduction Act (IRA)
- JV with top global fabricator, existing partner
- Produces torque tubes, rails, fasteners

Brazil
 Posts

S. Africa
 Posts*
 Beams*
 Rails*
 Steel*

Saudi Arabia
 Posts
 Beams
 Rails*
 Steel structures*

Turkey
 Posts
 Beams

India
 Posts
 Beams
 Steel structures
 Rails
 Hardware
 Controllers
 Cables
 Dampers*
 Slew Drive*

Thailand
 Posts
 Beams
 Rails
 Steel structures

Malaysia
 Beams
 Steel structures*

Korea
 Posts*

China
 Posts
 Beams
 Rails
 Steel structures
 Hardware
 Dampers
 Slew Drives
 Sensors
 Controllers*

Current Manufacturing Sites

In qualification



FTC Solar Positioning Timeline

Differentiated Tracker Solutions Led to Rapid Customer Adoption

- Co-founded by T.J. Rodgers in 2017, came to market with differentiated 2P tracker that could be installed 40% faster (labor cost)
- Asset-light model, scalable corporate infrastructure, no debt, positioned with multiple growth drivers
- Product differentiation led to rapid customer adoption, revenue growth far exceeding market (250% in 2020, 45% in 2021)
- \$1.4 billion IPO valuation in 2021



Industry Challenges Hit in 2022 While FTC Revenue Still Weighted to U.S. Market

- Supply chain challenges increased the price of steel up 2x and further increased logistics costs by ~10x
- Collective legislation and the U.S. Customs and Board Protection Agency restricted customer module supply which impacted FTC's sales, disproportionately impacted 2P market



FTC Uses Downturn to Get Stronger

- Introduced new products - differentiated 1P tracker (now truly agnostic) along with 500MW initial order from Primoris; First Solar solution
- Lowered costs by reducing the required content by >20% to enable significant margin improvement and improved the FTC team with multiple key hires
- Expanded base - Record pipeline; \$505m in executed contracts⁽¹⁾, international expansion - now awards in 9 countries



Now Positioned with Full Product Suite and Low Cost Structure

	Pre-Downturn	Today
2P Solution	✓	✓
1P Solution (majority of mkt)		✓
FSLR Solution		✓
Direct Margin >20%		✓
Revenue Breakeven ⁽²⁾ : Below \$100m		✓
Below \$60m		✓



Positioned for strong growth, margin improvement and profitability

1. As of August 8, 2024
 2. On Adjusted EBITDA basis



Market Overview



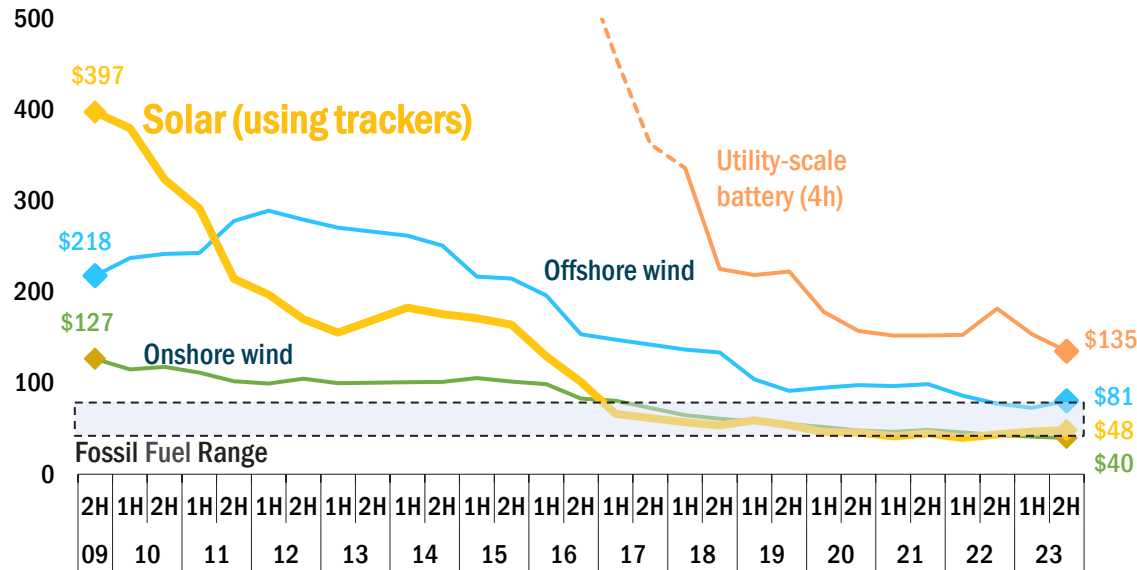
Solar Now Lowest Cost Energy, Leads Global Capacity Additions

The solar energy industry has grown as its associated costs have decreased

~60% of all new electric capacity added to the grid came from solar energy in 2022, representing the largest such share in history

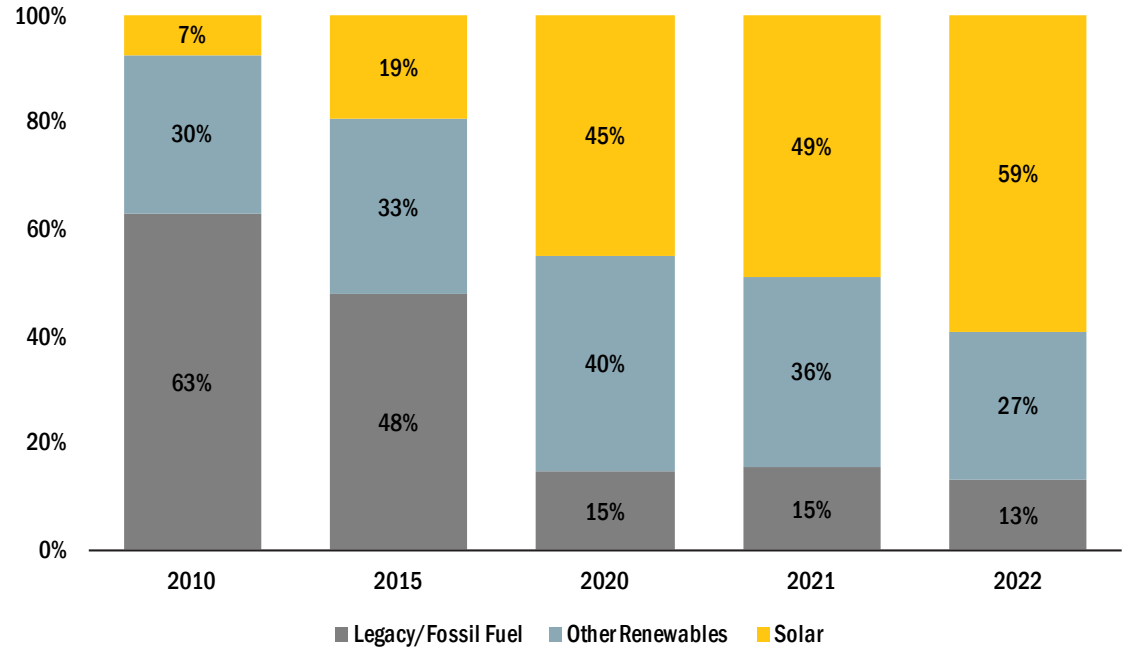
Historical LCOE of Renewables and Utility-Scale Batteries¹

LCOE (\$/MWh, nominal)



Solar Leads Capacity Additions²

(% of Global Energy Capacity Additions)



Over the last decade

Solar costs have dropped by more than 85% over the last decade

Solar capacity additions have grown by 52% since 2010

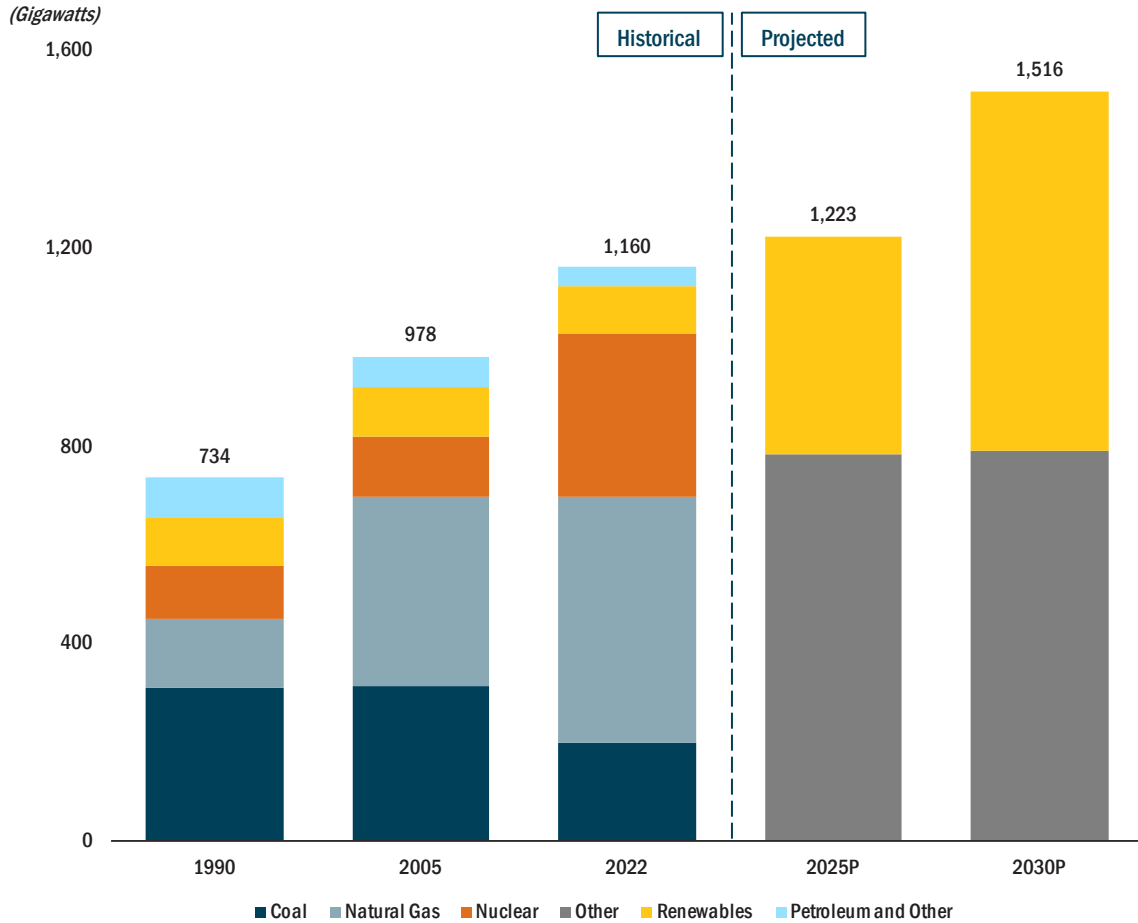
1. BNEF 2H'23 LCOE Update report
 2. BNEF Climatescope Energy Transition Factbook 2023. Figures may not tie to 100% due to rounding



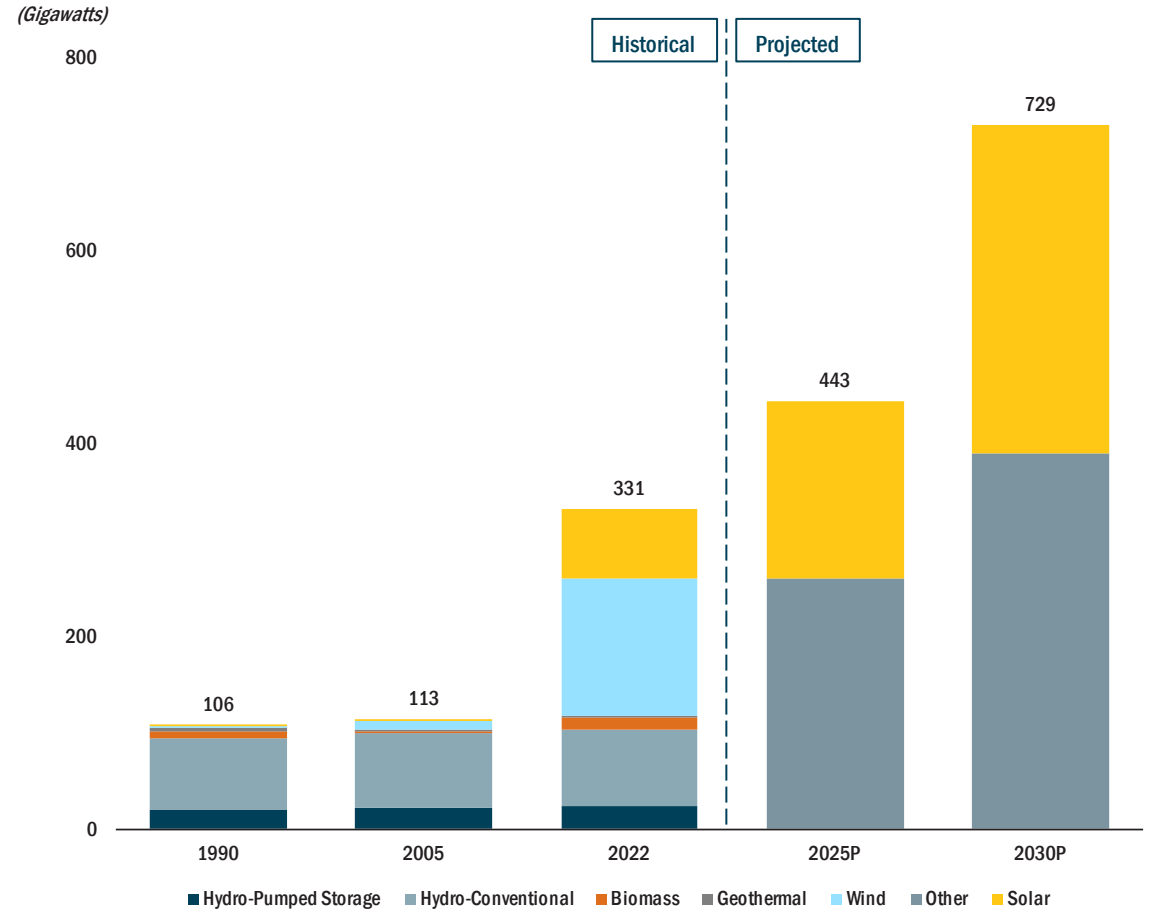
Favorable Market Backdrop

Renewable energy leads power capacity additions with solar accounting for 47% of capacity in 2030P

U.S. Power Capacity by Source⁽¹⁾



U.S. Renewable Power Capacity⁽¹⁾



1. EIA Annual Energy Review

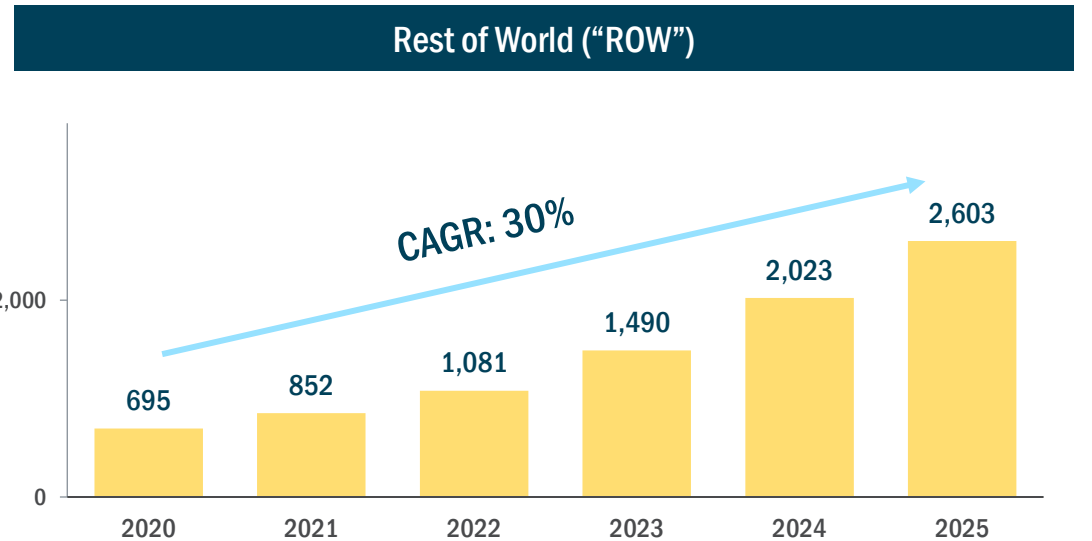
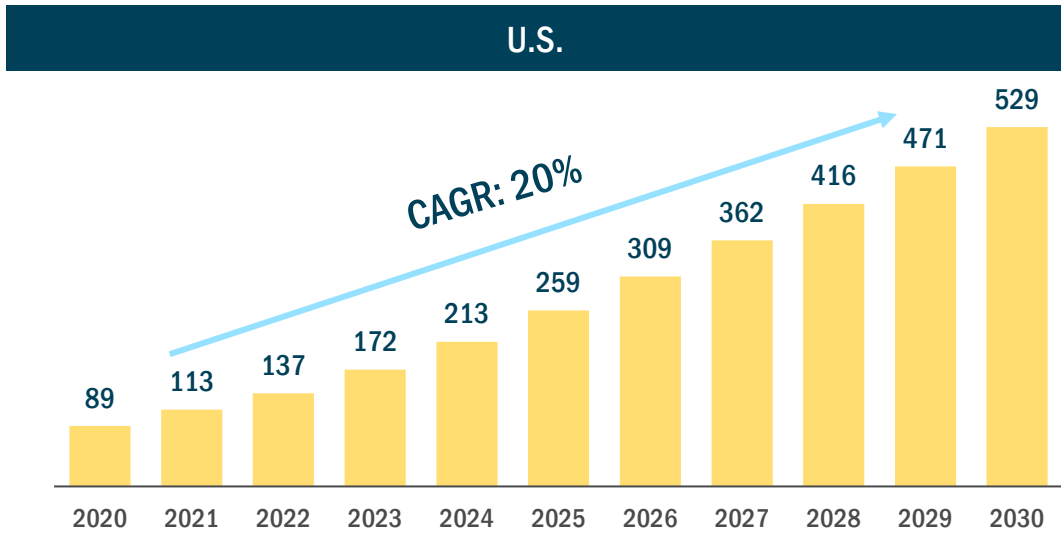


Overall Market Size / Market Forecasts Continue to Grow

Solar Market Poised for Sustained Growth

Solar energy is expected to continue to increase its penetration in the U.S. and globally

Cumulative Installed Solar Capacity (GW)¹



The solar industry has and, we believe, will continue to benefit from many powerful drivers of continued growth, including:

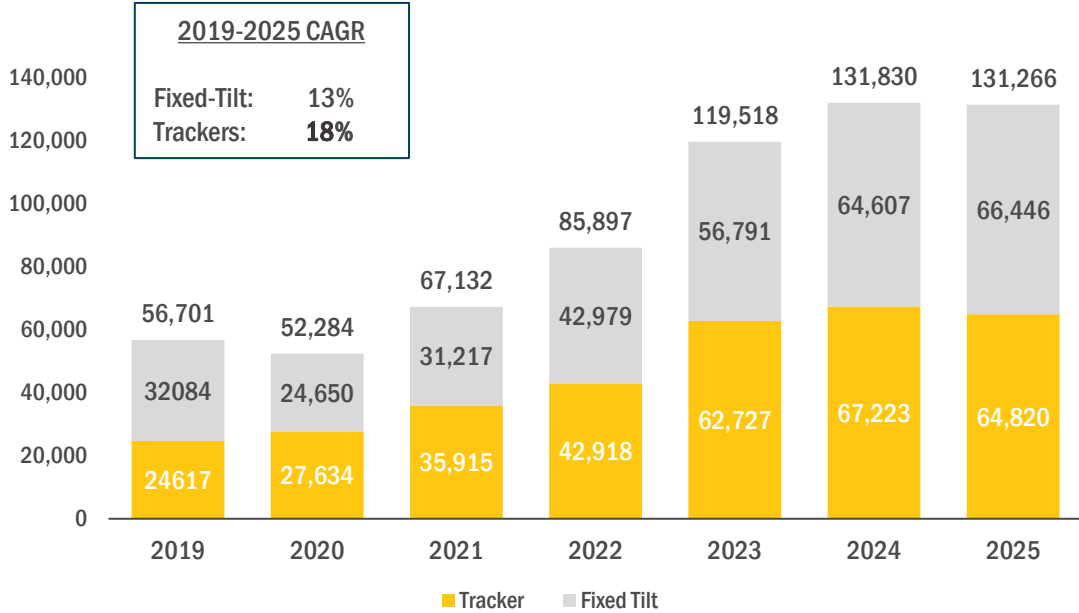
- ✓ Continued innovation and cost competitiveness with fossil-fuels
- ✓ Governmental policies and regulations supporting renewables globally
- ✓ Corporate procurement of renewable energy
- ✓ Improvement in battery storage technology
- ✓ Continued development of newly renewable use cases
- ✓ Increased capital available for green investments

1. BNEF 1Q'24 Global PV Market Outlook

Trackers are growing faster than fixed-tilt and are still in early stages of ROW penetration

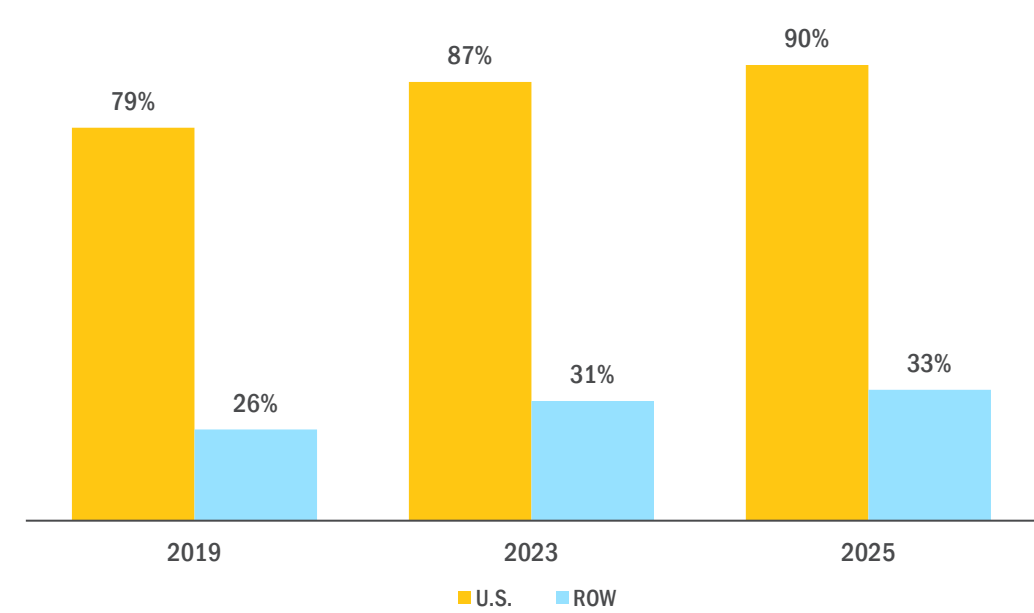
Trackers Are Growing Faster Than Fixed-Tilt...

Global ground-mounted PV installations over 1MW (MW) - ex-China



...And Just Beginning ROW Penetration

Tracker percentage of ground-mounted systems over 1MW (ex-China)



Total tracker market revenues estimated to be \$7.6bn in 2023¹, with \$4.9bn in the Americas

1. IHS Markit 2022 Global PV Tracker Report.



Technology & Positioning

A

All the Advantages of 2P

- ✓ Improved bifacial energy yield
- ✓ Increased design flexibility
- ✓ Higher panel density
- ✓ Better site accessibility



B

Reduced Part Count

- Up to **56% fewer** foundations per MW
- Up to **45% fewer** connection points
- Lower steel capability

- ✓ Fewer labor hours
- ✓ Scale cost benefit

C

Direct Current ("DC") Collections Advantage

- Unique 4 string architecture
- Up to **25% less wiring**
- Higher bifacial energy capture

- ✓ Fewer labor hours
- ✓ Higher output

D

Industry-Leading Install Speed

- Lean assembly, fewer tools, fewer connections
- Patented self-aligning panel hanging
- **~40% faster** installation

- ✓ Fewer labor hours

E

High Slope Tolerance

- Terrain flexibility
- Maximize number of rows
- Tolerant of up to a **17.5% grade**

- ✓ Fewer labor hours
- ✓ Avoids land grading



A

All the Advantages of 2P – Design Flexibility & Panel Density

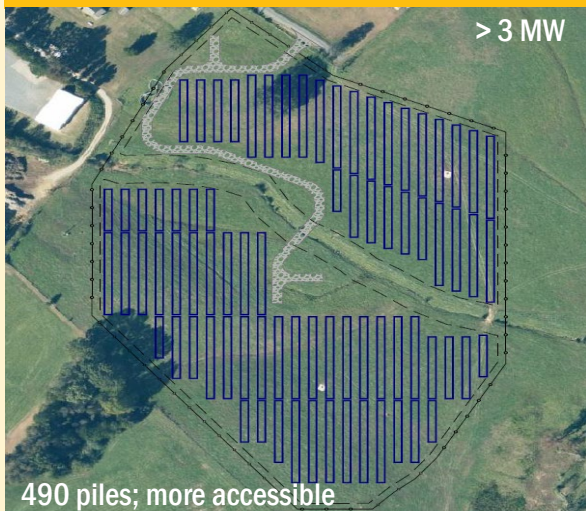
(Illustrative Examples)

Example 1
Constrained Site

Competitor's 1P Solution



FTC's 2P Solution



FTC Solar Offers:

- 8% more power
- 3.2x more cost-efficient rows
- 57% fewer foundations

Example 2
Non-Standard Shape

Competitor's 1P Solution



FTC's 2P Solution



FTC Solar Offers:

- Equivalent power
- 2.7x more cost-efficient rows
- 53% fewer foundations

Technical Advantages

All the Advantages of 2P

Reduced Part Count

DC Collections Advantage

Industry-Leading Install Speed

High Slope Tolerance

Performance Software




Note: Images depict renderings of solar module sites based on competitor's stated standard configurations and resulting module count. Actual results may differ.



A All the Advantages of 2P – Site Accessibility

FTC's 2P Solution



- ✓ 2X row spacing for equivalent panel density and ground coverage ratio
- ✓ Ease of vehicle access and mobility on site
- ✓ No physical barriers

Competitor's 1P Solution



Limited Spacing

Physical Barrier

Technical Advantages



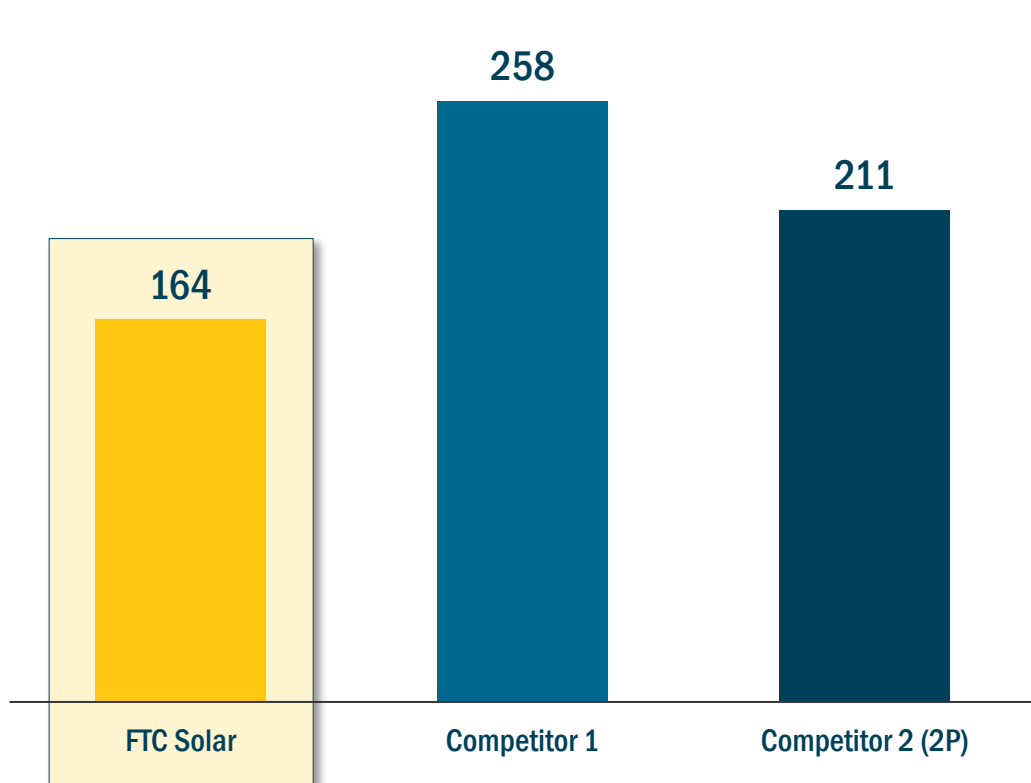


B

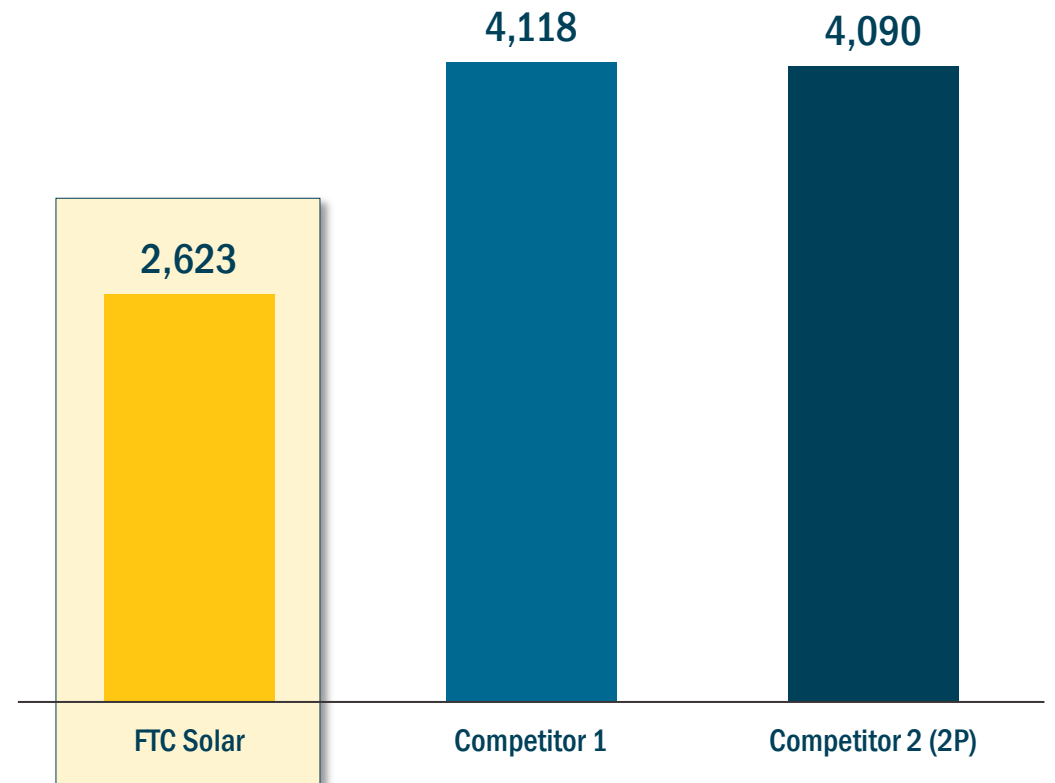
Reduced Part Count

(Illustrative examples)

Posts Per MW



Connections Per Row



Technical Advantages

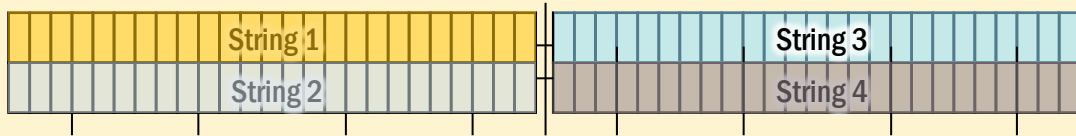




C Direct Current Collections Advantage

FTC Trackers

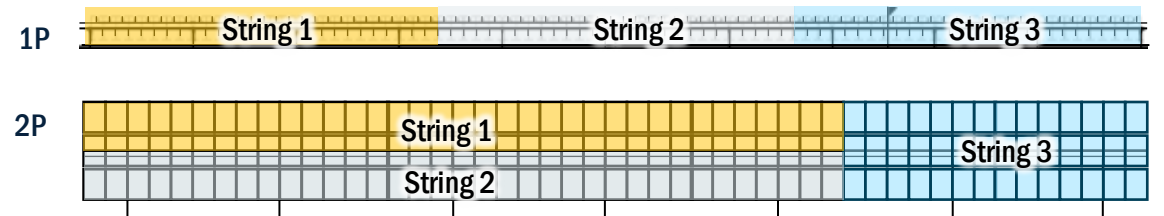
Balanced and uniform DC string architecture



- ✓ Less wire (up to 25% less)
- ✓ Less labor installing wiring
- ✓ More power collected on bifacial panels

Competitor Trackers

Unbalanced DC string architecture



Technical Advantages

All the Advantages of 2P

Reduced Part Count

DC Collections Advantage

Industry-Leading Install Speed

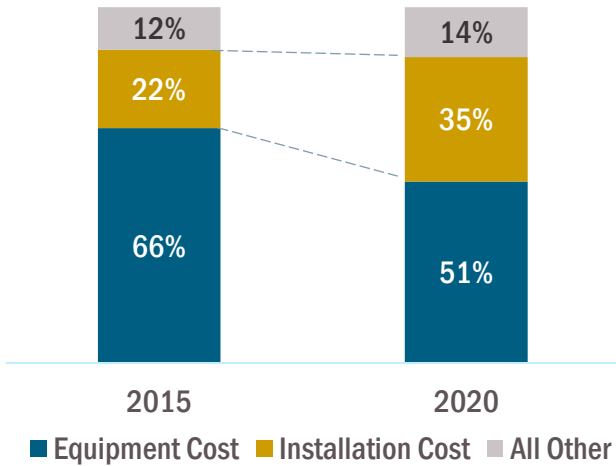
High Slope Tolerance

Performance Software

D Industry-Leading Install Speed and Low Labor Costs

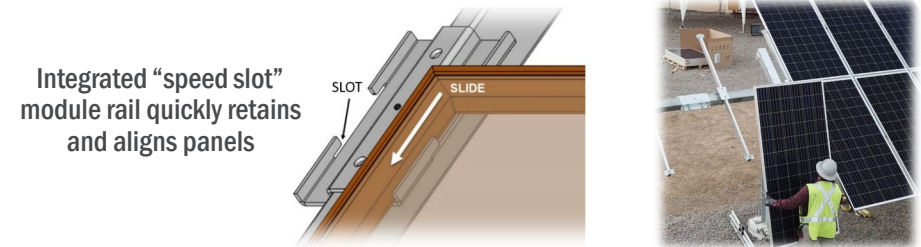
FTC's reduced installation time, together with savings on materials due to our design methodologies, can result in 1.5-2.0 cents per watt of cost savings for customers vs. leading 1P and 2P competitors¹

Labor is Significant (and Growing) Contributor to Total Project Cost ²



	FTC Solar (Voyager)	Competitor 1	Competitor 2	Competitor 3
Installation Time ³	2P	1P	2P	2P
	211	451	450	413
Special tools required?	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
# of Piles Required per MW	20-40% Fewer	-	-	-

- ✓ Fewer tools
- ✓ Fewer connection points
- ✓ Patented panel connection features
- ✓ 32% reduction in average install time in 2020 alone vs. 2019
- ✓ Lean installation methods



Technical Advantages

All the Advantages of 2P

Reduced Part Count

DC Collections Advantage

Industry-Leading Install Speed

High Slope Tolerance

Performance Software



1. In the United States, Australia and parts of Europe. - 2020 Eclipse-M report, FTC Solar estimates. 2. Wood Mackenzie June 2020 3. Eclipse-M

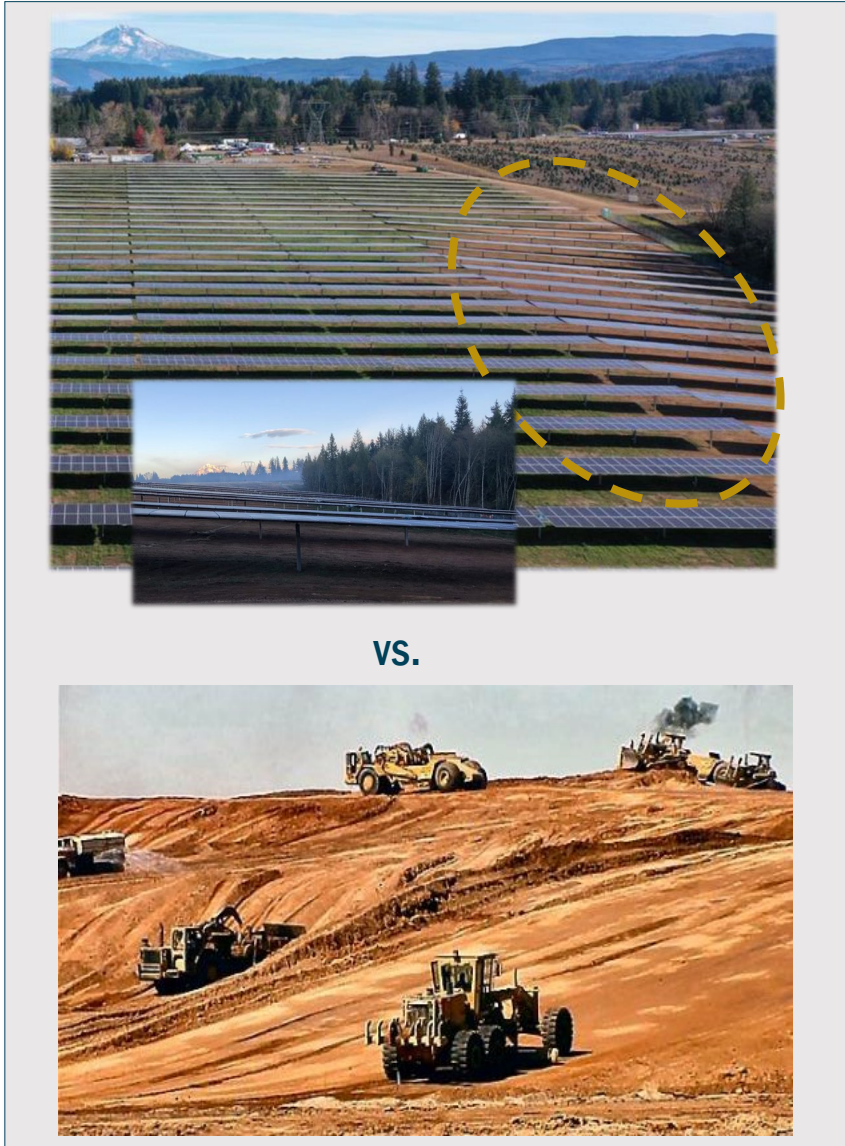
High Slope Tolerance

FTC Solar tracker's slope tolerance is among best in the industry

- ✓ Independent row design allows for simple installation on undulating and irregular site boundaries
- ✓ Minimizes or eliminates land grading expense

Slope Tolerance for Undulating Terrains

	FTC Solar	Competitor A	Competitor B	Competitor C
Slope Tolerance ¹	17.5%	15%	15%	17%



Technical Advantages

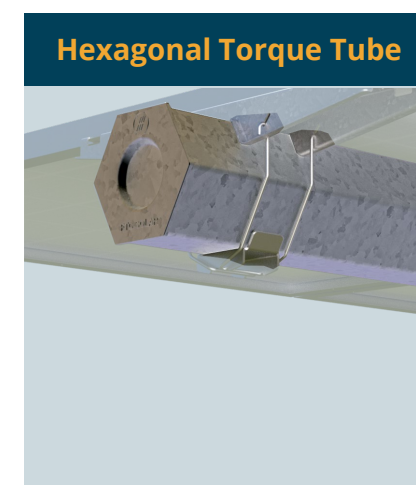


1. Based on standard configurations

Pioneer 1P Tracker

- **Reduced Pile Count**
Can reduce piles by 18% or more, significantly reducing capital expenditure and potential rework from refusals
- **Higher Energy Density**
Shorter row length enables up to 5% greater energy output for a given parcel of land
- **Fast Assembly**
Proprietary fast-module hang technology, fewer fasteners save time, “Python Clips” no threaded fasteners, torquing or TT penetrations
- **Reduced Embedment Depth**
Zero-degree stow allows for shorter pile embedment depth, with resulting material and labor cost savings
- **High Slope Tolerance**
Including 17.5% north-south tracker row allowance

Product	Module size	Module count	String Count	Pile count/ Row (120mph)	Pile Count/ MW	Module Pile (120mph)	Row Length	Power Density
Pioneer	550	84	3	11	239	7.6	96m	
Competitor #1	550	84	3	13	281 +18%	6.5	101m	-5%
Competitor #2	550	84	3	15	324 +26%	5.6	97m	-1%



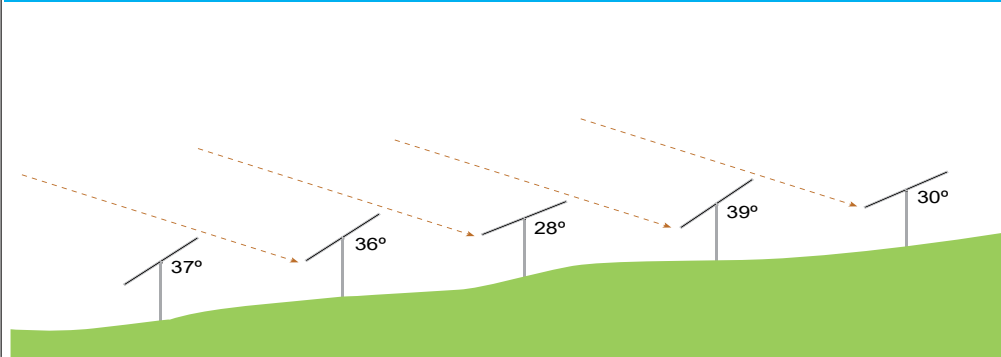


SunPath

1 Terrain -Based Backtracking

Up To **4%**
Yield Improvement¹

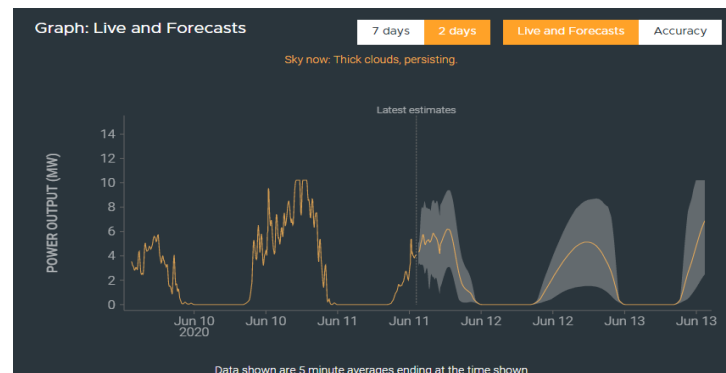
Terrain flexibility & yield improvement accounting for elevation differences between neighboring rows



2 Diffuse Light Optimization

Up To **2%**
Yield Improvement

A “smart” approach to distinguish between direct-beam and scattered light. Here the POA is adjusted to face the ‘sky’ to capture more scattered light



Technical Advantages

- All the Advantages of 2P
- Reduced Part Count
- DC Collections Advantage
- Industry-Leading Install Speed
- High Slope Tolerance
- Performance Software



1. Third party verified by Leidos.

Core US Patents

Protect functional aspects of Voyager mounting and cleaning systems

- Patents issued include:
 - Speed slot module attachment
 - Different drive train architectures
 - Synthetic resin bearings that can support North/South slopes
 - Diffuse light backtracking
 - Terrain-based backtracking
 - Partially and fully locked solutions using dampers
 - Adaptive range-of-motion management for snow, sand, flood

Core International Patents

- Patents issued in Korea and Canada for
 - Voyager solar generating apparatus with mounting, tracker and bearing assemblies
- Foreign patents pending in multiple countries, including on:
 - Adaptive range-of-motion, terrain based back-tracking and diffuse-light back-tracking
 - Partially and fully locked solutions using dampers

Other Patents

- Patents issued to protect functional aspects of SUNDAT solar design software
 - Pending applications in China, India and Mexico
- Additional patents on multiple other technologies
- FTC currently has 57 issued patents and 29 patent applications pending



Voyager Single-Axis Trackers (2P)

Pioneer Single-Axis Trackers (1P)

Product Specifications

- Accommodates 2 panels installed in portrait orientation
- Operating range of motion $\pm 52^\circ$ ($\pm 60^\circ$ optional)
- 7 posts per row (1 drive, 6 typical)
- Available with optional SunPath technology

- Accommodates 1 panel installed in landscape orientation
- Operating range of motion $\pm 52^\circ$ ($\pm 60^\circ$ optional)
- 11 posts per row (1 drive, 10 non-drive)
- Available with optional SunPath technology

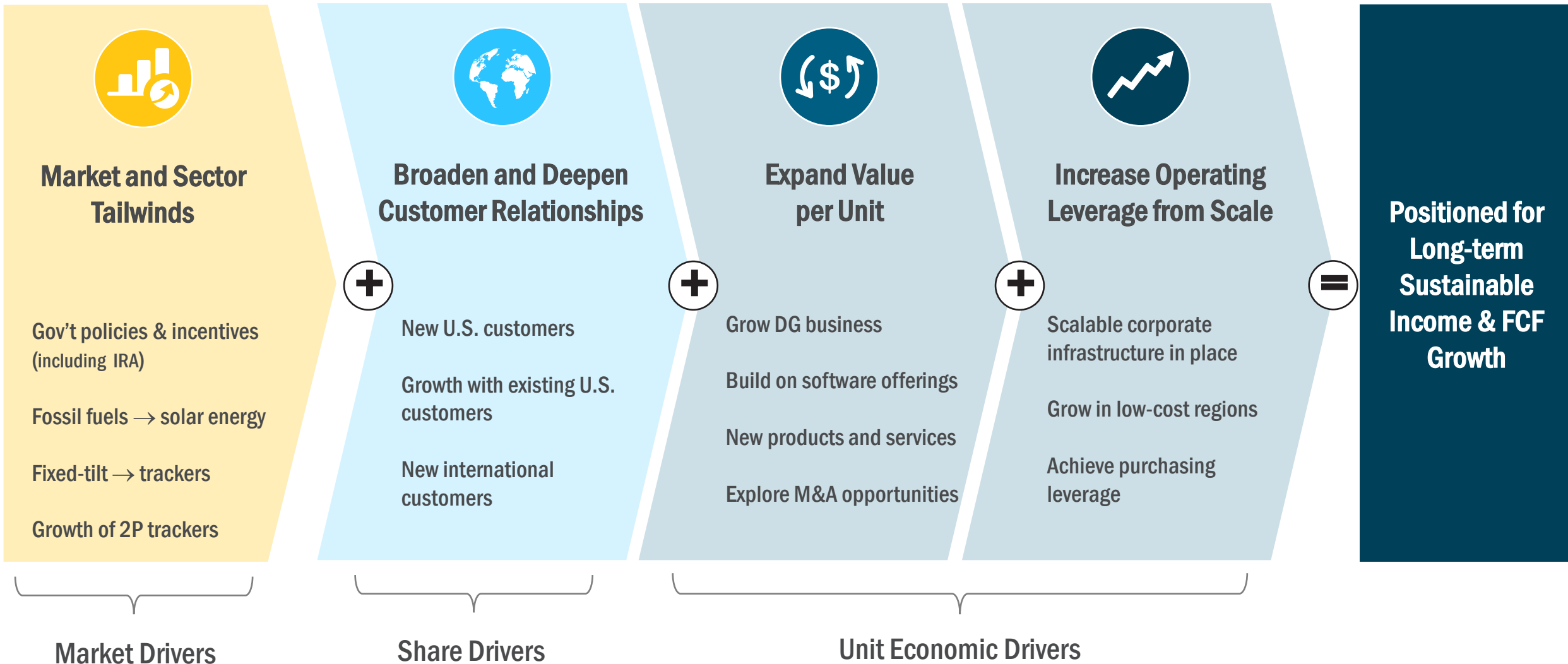
Product Benefits

- Superior design flexibility
 - Supports 20-60% ground cover ratio (GCR), 10 degree N/S slope tolerance
 - 60m row configuration / 2P design provides layout optimization on rugged sites, achieving optimum MW per acre with minimized grading
- Lowest installed cost
 - Up to 46% fewer posts than 1P designs and up to 20% less than other 2P systems
 - Up to 41% lower installation time than industry average
 - Less than 210 labor hours to install
- Designed for reliability
 - Requires no external auxiliary power or communications systems while providing data, communication, and power redundancy

- Reduced Pile Count
 - *Reduces pile count by 18% or more, significantly reducing capital expenditure and potential rework from refusals*
- Higher Energy Density
 - Shorter row length enables up to 5% greater energy output for a parcel of land
- Fast Assembly
 - Proprietary fast-module hang technology, fewer fasteners save time, "Python Clips" no threaded fasteners, torquing or TT penetrations
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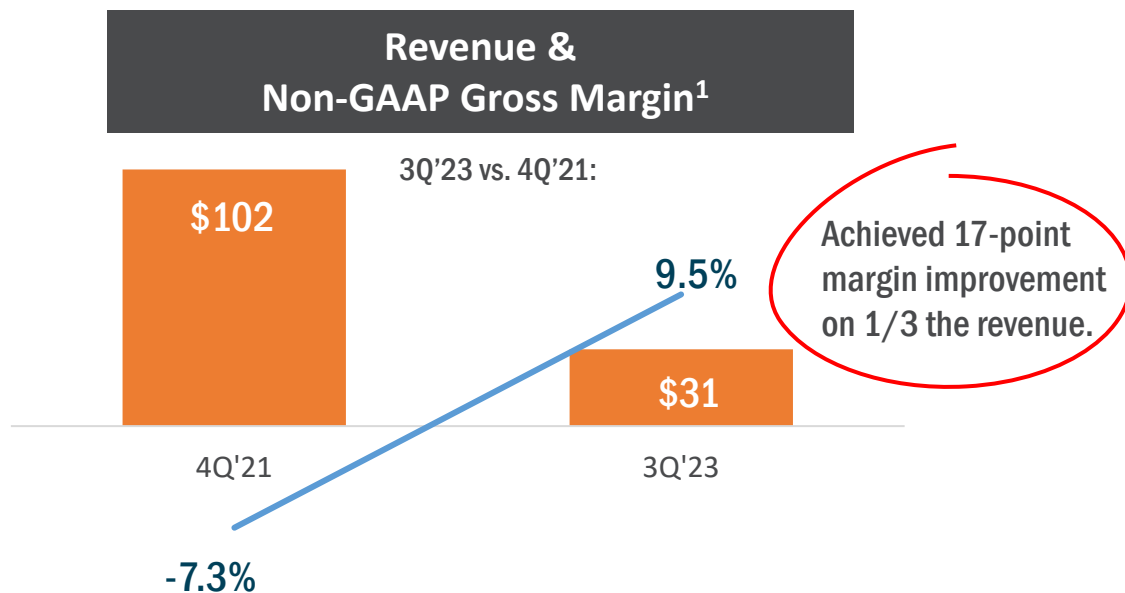


Growth Drivers & Financials





- FTC is achieving sustainably high direct margins
- Improvement driven by significantly reduced steel content (>20%) and manufacturing costs
- Significant gross margin leverage and EBITDA profitability now a function of top-line revenue



¹ Normalized to remove non-recurring benefits of ~\$1 million in 4Q'21. Non-GAAP gross margin in that quarter as reported was 12.8%.



Bookings & Product Enhancements

- Improved customer engagement & enhanced product portfolio, first order for high-wind Pioneer
- Contracted portion of backlog ~\$505m

2P Market Recovery, Most Comprehensive Product Portfolio To-Date

- More normalized 2P market
- Majority of awards are 1P, with several examples combining 1P and 2P

Systems & Processes

- Cross-functional approach to accelerate feedback on quality, product roadmap, customer experience
- Strengthened International and U.S. sales with key hires
- New CEO

Cost Roadmap

- Room to further optimize design-to-value and design-to-manufacturing
- Quarterly revenue level to achieve Adjusted EBITDA breakeven, historically above \$100m, reduced to \$50-\$60 million. U.S. mix could allow for breakeven below \$50 million



Appendix



Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Gross Margin and Operating Expenses

The following table reconciles U.S. GAAP gross margin to Non-GAAP gross margin for the three months ended June 30, 2024, and 2023, respectively:

(in thousands, except percentages)	Three months ended June 30,	
	2024	2023
U.S. GAAP revenue	\$ 11,430	\$ 32,359
U.S. GAAP gross profit (loss)	\$ (2,343)	\$ 2,201
Depreciation expense	183	125
Stock-based compensation	240	316
Non-GAAP gross profit (loss)	\$ (1,920)	\$ 2,642
Non-GAAP gross margin percentage	(16.8%)	8.2%

The following table reconciles U.S. GAAP operating expenses to Non-GAAP operating expenses for the three months ended June 20, 2024, and 2023, respectively:

(in thousands)	Three months ended June 30,	
	2024	2023
U.S. GAAP operating expenses	\$ 9,581	\$ 12,568
Depreciation expense	(91)	(71)
Amortization expense	(134)	(136)
Stock-based compensation	(1,045)	(2,646)
Non-routine legal fees	(33)	25
Severance credit	—	—
Non-GAAP operating expenses	\$ 8,278	\$ 9,740



Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Loss from Operations

The following table reconciles U.S. GAAP loss from operations to Adjusted EBITDA for the three months ended June 30, 2024, and 2023, respectively:

(in thousands)	Three months ended June 30,	
	2024	2023
U.S. GAAP loss from operations	\$ (11,924)	\$ (10,367)
Depreciation expense	274	196
Amortization expense	134	136
Stock-based compensation	1,285	2,962
Non-routine legal fees	33	(25)
Other income (expense), net	(7)	(141)
Loss from unconsolidated subsidiary	(246)	—
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ (10,451)	\$ (7,239)



Reconciliation of Net Loss to Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Loss

The following table reconciles U.S. GAAP Net loss to Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Loss for the three months ended June 30, 2024, and 2023, respectively:

(in thousands, except shares and per share data)	Three months ended June 30,			
	2024		2023	
	Adjusted EBITDA	Adjusted Net Loss	Adjusted EBITDA	Adjusted Net Loss
Net loss per U.S. GAAP	\$ (12,241)	\$ (12,241)	\$ (10,414)	\$ (10,414)
Reconciling items -				
Provision for (benefit from) income taxes	65	—	(122)	—
Interest (income) expense, net	(1)	—	28	—
Amortization of debt issue costs in interest expense	—	59	—	178
Depreciation expense	274	—	196	—
Amortization of intangibles	134	134	136	136
Stock-based compensation	1,285	1,285	2,962	2,962
Non-routine legal fees (credits) ^(a)	33	33	(25)	(25)
Adjusted Non-GAAP amounts	<u>\$ (10,451)</u>	<u>\$ (10,730)</u>	<u>\$ (7,239)</u>	<u>\$ (7,163)</u>
U.S. GAAP net loss per share:				
Diluted	N/A	\$ (0.10)	N/A	\$ (0.09)
Adjusted Non-GAAP net loss per share (Adjusted EPS):				
Diluted	N/A	\$ (0.09)	N/A	\$ (0.06)
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:				
Diluted	N/A	126,171,278	N/A	112,669,296

(a) Non-routine legal fees (credits) represent legal fees and other costs (credits) incurred for specific matters that were not ordinary or routine to the operations of the business.



Notes to Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Financial Measures to Nearest Comparable GAAP Measures

We utilize Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Loss, and Adjusted EPS as supplemental measures of our performance. We define Adjusted EBITDA as net loss plus (i) provision for (benefit from) income taxes, (ii) interest expense, net, (iii) depreciation expense, (iv) amortization of intangibles, (v) stock-based compensation, and (vi) non-routine legal fees, severance and certain other costs (credits). We also deduct the contingent gains from the disposal of our investment in an unconsolidated subsidiary from net loss in arriving at Adjusted EBITDA. We define Adjusted Net Loss as net loss plus (i) amortization of debt issue costs and intangibles, (ii) stock-based compensation, (iii) non-routine legal fees, severance and certain other costs (credits), and (iv) the income tax expense (benefit) of those adjustments, if any. We also deduct the contingent gains from the disposal of our investment in an unconsolidated subsidiary in arriving at Adjusted Net Loss. Adjusted EPS is defined as Adjusted Net Loss on a per share basis using the weighted average diluted shares outstanding.

Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Loss, and Adjusted EPS are intended as supplemental measures of performance that are neither required by, nor presented in accordance with, U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“U.S. GAAP”). We present Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Loss and Adjusted EPS, because we believe they assist investors and analysts in comparing our performance across reporting periods on an ongoing basis by excluding items that we do not believe are indicative of our core operating performance. In addition, we use Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted Net Loss and Adjusted EPS to evaluate the effectiveness of our business strategies.